

# BLACK HISTORY TRIVIA

1. Bessie Coleman was the first American woman to earn her International Aviation License. She went on to teach members of the Tuskegee airmen and celebrities such as the Black Pearl of Paris. Who was the intriguing pearl?

- A. Nina Mae McKinney
- B. Josephine Baker
- C. Theresa Harris
- D. Ethel Moses

2. Inventor Frederick Jones had over 60 patents including one for the roof-mounted cooling system for refrigerating goods on trucks during transportation. For safety, cold food should be kept at or below 40° F =?

- A. 9° C
- B. 1° C
- C. 6° C
- D. 4° C

3. Our Family shark video features Dr. Roger Young, the 1st Black woman to earn a PhD in Zoology. She researched at Marine Biological Laboratory in Woods Hole, home of America's oldest public aquarium. What is a baby shark?

- A. Pup
- B. Calf
- C. Kid
- D. Whelp

4. Shirley Chisholm was the first Black Congresswoman who went on to run for the 1972 Democratic nomination for President. Which actress won an Emmy award for her unbought and unbossed performance in Mrs. America.

- A. Thandie Newton
- B. Issa Rae
- C. Uzo Aduba
- D. Samira Wiley

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5. Dr. George Carver saved the South's economy with crop rotation. Peanuts enriched the soil creating large cotton crops. He invented and marketed 300 peanut products using the surplus nuts. What did peanuts add to the soil?

- A. Oxygen
- B. Nitrogen
- C. Carbon Dioxide
- D. Organic matter

6. Esther Jones was a 1920's jazz singer known as "Baby Esther". She was a trained scat singer, dancer, and acrobat. Esther was also the inspiration for what iconic cartoon character?

- A. Orange Blossom
- B. Minnie Mouse
- C. Storm
- D. Betty Boop

7. The earliest cookbook published by a Black woman was written by a member of the Black Free Society, Malinda Russell in 1866 and titled "Domestic Cook Book". What recipe did not appear in the 39-page pamphlet?

- A. Sweet Potato Pie
- B. Rose Cake
- C. Catfish Fricassee
- D. Sweet Onion Custard

8. As of January 2023, if I gave you 5 cents for every Black Senator in U.S. history, what currency would I give you?

- A. A quarter & dime
- B. A Five dollar bill
- C. A half dollar & nickel
- D. -A dollar bill

# BLACK HISTORY TRIVIA

9. C. R. Patterson & Sons is the 1st and only Black-owned car company. Starting in 1873, 3 generations of Pattersons produced vehicles. Our video introduces the family to the B-I-N-G-O tune. What is not a line in the song?

- A. B-U-S honk honk
- B. B-U-G-G-Y
- C. C-A-R beep beep
- D. T-R-U-C-K

10. Matthew Henson was a Black explorer best known as the co-discoverer of the icy North Pole with Robert Edwin Peary in 1909. Which of the following makes their permanent home on the North Pole?

- A. Polar Bears
- B. Flamingos
- C. Shrimp
- D. Penguins

11. Cataract is a clouding of the lens of the eye making it hard to see. Born in New York City, Dr. Patricia Bath patented the design to quickly & painlessly vaporize cataracts with lasers. The lens is directly behind what part of the eye?

- A. Pupil
- B. Retina
- C. Cornea
- D. Sclera

12. Dr. Carter G. Woodson believed "a culture without history had no inspiration". Celebrated in Frederick Douglass' and Lincoln's birth month, Carter founded Negro History Week. When is Black History celebrated in the UK?

- A. Month of August
- B. Month of March
- C. Month of February
- D. Month of October

# BLACK HISTORY TRIVIA

13. Legendary Cowboy Robert Lemmons was a highly sought Mustanger. With his earnings, he purchased land equal in size to the Philadelphia Zoo, Six Flags over GA & Central park combined. How many acres was Mr. Lemmons' Ranch?

- A. 1800
- B. 1200
- C. 600
- D. 300

14. According to the lyrics in Goose Goose Duck's, "This month in American History" videos, the chorus raps "Black and American History is ..."

- A. Intertwined
- B. Needed to pass a test
- C. The same song
- D. One and the same

15. This phenomenal woman who expressed how a caged bird sings stated, " If you are always trying to be normal you will never know how amazing you can be."

- A. Maya Angelou
- B. Oprah Winfrey
- C. Pearl Bailey
- D. Zora Neale Hurston

16. Who is the most photographed American of the 19th century?

- A. Robert E. Lee
- B. Abraham Lincoln
- C. Thomas Edison
- D. Frederick Douglass

# BLACK HISTORY TRIVIA

17. In our Goose Goose Duck kid's animation, Dr. Rebecca Cole taught about the human body with what popular song.

- A. Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes
- B. Leg Bone Connected to the Knee Bone
- C. The Body Parts Song
- D. The Hokey Pokey

18. Bandmaster Francis Johnson was the 1st Black American to publish sheet music and tour abroad - 1st AMERICAN to promote his concerts in newspapers & handbills. What scandalous dance was enjoyed by thousands of concertgoers?

- A. Tango
- B. Swing
- C. Waltz
- D. Lindy Hop

19. Major League Baseball legend Hank Aaron beat Babe Ruth's all-time home run record. His motto was to always keep swinging whether in a slump, feeling badly or having trouble off the field. How did Hammerin' Hank practice as a kid?

- A. Hit a bottle cap with a broomstick.
- B. Tied handkerchief around his eyes when hitting.
- C. Did not start playing baseball until his early teens.
- D. Practiced hand-eye coordination with Atari Baseball

20. Civil Rights Movement leader Martin Luther King, Jr. majored in sociology at Morehouse College in Atlanta. How old was he when he enrolled in college?

- A. 13
- B. 15
- C. 17
- D. 19

# BLACK HISTORY TRIVIA

21. Physicist George Carruthers invented the spectrograph NASA used when it launched Apollo 16. The space scientist built his first working telescope at age 10. How many animal constellations could he map in the night sky?

- A. 8
- B. 12
- C. 15
- D. 28

22. Dr. Mae Jemison, the first Black woman in space, encourages us to "Never be limited by other people's limited imaginations." Who was the first Black astronaut to walk in space?

- A. Ronald McNair
- B. Joan Higginbotham
- C. Bernard Harris Jr.
- D. Frederick Gregory

23. Ida B. Wells wielded words like weapons as a journalist & activist. She led an anti-lynching crusade with groundbreaking data journalism. How many five letter words can be made out of the letters in her name, Ida B. Wells?

- A. wealthy man. In 2023, what is America's favorite ice cream flavor?
- B. Chocolate
- C. Vanilla
- D. Butter Pecan
- E. Mint Chocolate Chip

24. Pre-civil war, Augustus Jackson invented a better ice cream recipe that melted slower. He made flavors & sold tins to Black confection shops to become a wealthy man. In 2023, what is America's favorite ice cream flavor?

- A. Chocolate
- B. Vanilla
- C. Butter Pecan
- D. Mint Chocolate C

# BLACK HISTORY TRIVIA

25. George Washington Carver's intellect was highly regarded. Which of the following did Dr. Carver not officially advise during his lifetime?

- A. United States President Theodore Roosevelt
- B. Indian Independence leader Mahatma Gandhi
- C. Founder of the Ford Motor Company Henry Ford
- D. Soviet leader Joseph Stalin

26. Gwendolyn Brooks was the first African American poet to win the award pictured for outstanding public service and achievement in American journalism, letters, and music. What is the esteemed award?

- A. The Pulitzer Prize
- B. American Music Award
- C. The Nobel Prize
- D. The BAFTA Awards

27. After witnessing a terrible horse and buggy accident, Garrett Morgan invented and patented a traffic light with a third yellow light signaling caution. Which of the three colors on a traffic light is not primary?

- A. Red
- B. Yellow
- C. Green
- D. They are all primary colors.

28. The first two Blacks to become medical doctors in the U.S. earned their degrees in 1864 and 1867. Dr. Crumpler & Cole also shared the same first name. What was their 'captivating' name?

- A. Sarah
- B. Mary
- C. Elizabeth
- D. Rebecca

# BLACK HISTORY TRIVIA

29. In every war fought by or within the United States, Blacks participated. According to the Department of Veteran Affairs, how many American wars were there from the Revolutionary War to The War on Terror?

- A. 12
- B. 6
- C. 14
- D. 8

30. Inventor Alexander Miles' daughter almost fell down an elevator shaft. In 1887 he took out a patent for a mechanism that automatically opens and closes elevator shaft doors. Where is the world's tallest elevator today?

- A. United Arab Emirates
- B. South Africa
- C. China
- D. United States of America

31. Jan Matzeliger's "Lasting Machine" invention increased shoe production from 50 to 750 pairs a day, making shoes affordable and a northeast city the Shoe capital of the World. At what museum is his invention displayed?

- A. Detroit Historical Museum in Michigan
- B. The Bata Shoe Museum in Ontario
- C. The Lynn Museum in Massachusetts
- D. Heritage Square Museum in California



## GOOSE GOOSE DUCK TRIVIA QUESTIONS ANSWER KEY

1. Bessie Coleman was the first American woman to earn her International Aviation License. She went on to teach members of the Tuskegee airmen and celebrities such as the Black Pearl of Paris. Who was the intriguing pearl?

Josephine Baker

Joseph Baker met and became friends with Bessie Coleman. Baker took her first flying lesson on May 11, 1935, and received her pilot license later that year. As WWII broke out, Baker became personally involved in fighting back the Germans as a spy and harbored members of the resistance in the basement of her residence. She also flew her own airplane to transport supplies for the Red Cross. In 1944, Baker joined the French Air Force as a second lieutenant.

2. Inventor Frederick Jones had over 60 patents including one for the roof-mounted cooling system for refrigerating goods on trucks during transportation. For safety, cold food should be kept at or below 40° F =?

4° C

To convert a temperature reading in Fahrenheit to Celsius:

1. Start with the temperature in Fahrenheit (e.g., 100 degrees).
2. Subtract 32 from this figure (e.g.,  $100 - 32 = 68$ ).
3. Divide your answer by 1.8 (e.g.,  $68 / 1.8 = 37.78$ )

3. Our Family shark video features Dr. Roger Young, the 1st Black woman to earn a PHD in zoology. She researched at Marine Biological Laboratory in Woods Hole, home of America's oldest public aquarium. What is a baby shark?

Pup

Baby sharks are called pups.

4. Shirley Chisholm was the first Black Congresswoman who went on to run for the 1972 Democratic nomination for President. Which actress won an Emmy award for her unbought and unbossed performance in Mrs. America.

Uzo Aduba

Uzo Aduba was awarded the win for best actress in a limited series or movie for her role on Mrs. America during the 72nd annual Primetime Emmys.

5. Dr. George Carver saved the South's economy with crop rotation. Peanuts enriched the soil creating large cotton crops. He invented and marketed 300 peanut products using the surplus nuts. What did peanuts add to the soil?

Nitrogen

Like other legumes, peanut plants improve the soil by adding nitrogen. Dr. Carver was very interested in helping poor southern farmers who were farming on low-quality soil depleted of nutrients after decades of growing only cotton and tobacco in the same soil. Dr. Carver wrote and distributed pamphlets showing how to grow peanuts to restore nitrogen to the soil through systematic crop rotation as well as uses for the excess peanuts.

6. Esther Jones was a 1920's jazz singer known as "Baby Esther". She was a trained scat singer, dancer and acrobat. Esther was also the inspiration for what iconic cartoon character?

Betty Boop

"Baby" Esther Lee Jones, originally billed as Little, Li'l or Lil' Esther, was a child entertainer who lived in Chicago, Illinois. She was initially managed by her parents, Gertrude and William Jones. Esther was a trained scat singer, dancer and acrobat who performed regularly at nightclubs in Harlem and all over the United States in the 1920s. In her act, "Baby Esther" danced, made funny faces, rolled her eyes, and—most famously—interpolated nonsense phrases such as "Boo-Boo-Boo", "Wha-Da-Da", and "Doo-Doo-Doo".

7. The earliest cookbook published by a Black woman was written by a member of the Black Free Society, Malinda Russell in 1866 titled "Domestic Cook Book". What recipe did not appear in the 39 page pamphlet?

Sweet Potato Pie

Russell published her cookbook as a free woman living in Paw Paw, Michigan, as a fundraising effort to return to Tennessee, where she was born and raised. She kept a pastry shop and her cooking was inspired by French cuisine. Naturally, the recipes were primarily desserts and baked goods. A standard sweet potato pie was not included though a "Sweet Potato Baked Pudding" did give a nod to Southern cuisine.

8. If I gave you 5 cents for every Black Senator in U.S. history, what currency would I give you?

A half dollar & nickel

There Have Been Just Eleven African-American U.S. Senators

#1 Hiram Rhodes Revels First African American to Serve in Congress (R- Mississippi, February 1870 - March 1871)

#2 Blanche K. Bruce (R- Mississippi, 1875 - 1881)

#3 Edward Brooke (R- Massachusetts, 1967 - 1979)

#4 Carol Moseley Braun (D- Illinois, 1993 - 1999)

#5 Barack Obama (D- Illinois, 2005 - 2008)

#6 Roland Burris (D- Illinois, 2009 - 2010)

#7 Tim Scott (R- South Carolina, 2013 - Present)

#8 William "Mo" Cowan (D- Massachusetts, Feb. 2013 - Jul. 2013)

#9 Cory A. Booker (D- New Jersey, Oct. 2013 - Present)

#10 Kamala Harris (D- California, January 2017 - January 20, 2021)

#11 Raphael Warnock (D - Georgia, January 20, 2021 - Present)

9. C. R. Patterson & Sons is the 1st and only Black-owned car company. Starting in 1873, 3 generations of Pattersons produced vehicles. Our video introduces the family to the B-I-N-G-O tune. What is not a line in the song?

T-R-U-C-K

The Patterson family owned and operated their business three generations strong. The horse and buggy company began in 1873. The company was producing 28 different horse-drawn carriage styles including buggies, backboards, phaetons, surreys, and the popular doctor's buggy. The company had 50 employees, and were able to manufacture approximately 500 horse-drawn carriages a year.

1915 the first "Patterson horseless carriage" was assembled. The company was later renamed to Greenfield Bus Body Company manufacturing bus chassis Greenfield Bus Body Company. Bus bodies were purchased by school boards in Southern Ohio, West Virginia, and Kentucky, as well as the Ohio Transit Company and used in Cincinnati and Cleveland

10. Matthew Henson was a Black explorer best known as the co-discoverer of the icy North Pole with Robert Edwin Peary in 1909. Which of the following makes their permanent home on the North Pole?

Shrimp

Polar bears, Arctic foxes, and other terrestrial animals rarely migrate to the North Pole. The drifting ice is an unpredictable habitat, and does not allow for regular migration routes or the establishment of dens in which to raise young. The undersea ecosystem of the North Pole is more varied than the ice above it. Shrimp, sea anemones, and tiny crustaceans inhabit the area. Penguins live in the South Pole.

11. Cataract is a clouding of the lens of the eye making it hard to see. Born in New York City, Dr. Patricia Bath patented the design to quickly & painlessly vaporize cataracts with lasers. The lens is directly behind what part of the eye?

Pupil

The pupil is the black hole in the center of the colored part of your eye (iris). The pupil is the pathway that lets light get to your retina.

12. Dr. Carter G. Woodson believed "a culture without history had no inspiration". Celebrated in Frederick Douglass' and Lincoln's birth month, Carter founded Negro History Week. When is Black History celebrated in the UK?

Month of October

A need for greater UK-centricity was one of the reasons why the founders decided to celebrate UK Black History Month in October rather than in February. Ansel Wong, one of the founding members, writes, "We chose to be different and chose October [...] We also chose not to be too compliant in our uncritical adherence of things American; staking a claim for the specific British context of our struggles and existence."

13. Legendary Cowboy Robert Lemmons was a highly sought Mustanger. With his earnings, he purchased land equal in size to the Philadelphia Zoo, Six Flags over GA & Central park combined. How many acres was Mr. Lemmons' Ranch?

1200

Robert Lemmons is hailed as the best Mustanger who ever lived. Teach your pre-k and kindergarten children about a legendary cowboy. Check out our activity pack at <https://goosegooseduck.com/lesson-plans>

14. According to the lyrics in Goose Goose Duck's, "This month in American History" videos, the chorus raps "Black and American History is ..."

The same song

Goose Goose Duck videos normalize black history as American history with age-appropriate animations, nursery rhymes and songs. Take a look at <https://goosegooseduck.com/YouTube>

15. This phenomenal woman who expressed how a caged bird sings stated, " If you are always trying to be normal you will never know how amazing you can be."

Maya Angelou

Angelou had a broad career as a singer, dancer, actress, composer, and Hollywood's first female black director, but became most famous as a writer, editor, essayist, playwright, and poet. As a civil rights activist, Angelou worked for Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. and Malcolm X.

16. Who is the most photographed American of the 19th century?

Frederick Douglass

Frederick Douglass was the most photographed man of the 19th century, sitting for more than 160 portraits and photos. He saw photography as a tool for creating an image of black manhood in America that was neither funny nor damaging, as many depictions of African-Americans were at the time.

17. In our Goose Goose Duck kid's animation, Dr. Rebecca Cole taught about the human body with what popular song.

Head, Shoulders, Knees and Toes

Goose Goose Duck's animated videos introduce children to notable Black Americans in history with nursery rhymes, songs and songs. Check out out free videos at <https://goosegooseduck.com/YouTube>

18. Bandmaster Francis Johnson was the 1st Black American to publish sheet music and tour abroad - 1st AMERICAN to promote his concerts in newspapers & handbills. What scandalous dance was enjoyed by thousands of concertgoers?

Waltz

Francis Johnson was born a free man and lived a free man, but this was America before the Civil War, a time when societal racism limited the activities of all African Americans. For most of his adult life, he lived in a thriving community of free African Americans in Philadelphia. Eventually, his music compositions centered on two traditions of Philadelphia high society. The first was evening entertainment, for which his string and brass bands provided cotillions, waltzes and quadrilles suitable for dancing and socializing at balls as well as private parties. He published 300 compositions between 1820-1840 and introduced Promenade concerts in Philadelphia advertised as "Musical Soirees" for all.

19. Major League Baseball legend Hank Aaron beat Babe Ruth's all-time home run record. His motto was to always keep swinging whether in a slump, feeling badly or having trouble off the field. How did Hammerin' Hank practice as a kid?

Hit a bottle cap with a broomstick.

The family couldn't afford sporting equipment, so Aaron practiced his swing by hitting bottle caps with broken branches, broom handles, or sticks. His power was due to his quick wrists, generated from countless hours spent hitting bottle caps with a broomstick while growing up in Mobile, Alabama

20. Civil Rights Movement leader Martin Luther King, Jr. majored in sociology at Morehouse College in Atlanta. How old was he when he enrolled in college?

15

In 1944, at age 15 and as a junior in high school, he passed the entrance test and enrolled in Morehouse College. He earned a full bachelor's degree from Morehouse by the time he was 19.

21. Physicist George Carruthers invented the spectrograph NASA used when it launched Apollo 16. The space scientist built his first working telescope at age 10. How many animal constellations could he map in the night sky?

15

There are 88 Constellations in the night sky. 15 are animals not including the 8 birds.

22. Dr. Mae Jemison, the first Black woman in space, encourages us to "Never be limited by other people's limited imaginations." Who was the first Black astronaut to walk in space?

Bernard Harris Jr.

Bernard Anthony Harris Jr. (born June 26, 1956) is a former NASA astronaut. On February 9, 1995, Harris became the first African American to perform an extra-vehicular activity (spacewalk), during the second of his two Space Shuttle flights.

23. Ida B. Wells wielded words like weapons as a journalist & activist. She led an anti-lynching crusade with groundbreaking data journalism. How many five letter words can be made out of the letters in her name, Ida B. Wells?

73

For all the words that can be made visit <https://wordmaker.info/how-many/idabwells.html>

24. Pre-civil war, Augustus Jackson invented a better ice cream recipe that melted slower. He made flavors and sold tins to Black confection shops to become a wealthy man. In 2023, what is the world's favorite ice cream flavor?

Vanilla

After looking into the top searched ice cream flavors worldwide, this classic is #1 in almost every country.

25. George Washington Carver's intellect was highly regarded. Which of the following did Dr. Carver not officially advise during his lifetime?

Soviet leader Joseph Stalin

Carver's innovations earned him the friendship and respect of some of the most influential men of the 20th century, who regularly sought his advice and counsel. Soviet leader Joseph Stalin, whose brutal agrarian reforms resulted in a famine that killed millions, asked Carver to visit the Soviet Union in the 1930s to reorganize a series of cotton plantations. Carver, however, refused Stalin's invitation, most likely because of his unwillingness to leave his beloved Tuskegee University.

26. Gwendolyn Brooks was the first African American poet to win the award pictured for outstanding public service and achievement in American journalism, letters, and music. What is the esteemed award?

The Pulitzer Prize

The Pulitzer Prize is an award for achievements in newspaper, magazine, online journalism, literature, and musical composition within the United States. Hers was a Pulitzer in poetry, specifically for a volume titled Annie Allen that chronicled the life of an ordinary black girl growing up in the Bronzeville neighborhood on Chicago's famous South Side. Teach your children more about Gwendolyn Brooks with literacy games and activities with our activity pack located at <https://goosegooseduck.com/lesson-plans>

27. After witnessing a terrible horse and buggy accident, Garrett Morgan invented and patented a traffic light with a third yellow light signaling caution. Which of the three colors on a traffic light is not primary?

Green

Primary colors include red, blue and yellow. Primary colors cannot be mixed from other colors. They are the source of all other colors. Secondary colors are mixed from two primary colors adjacent to each other on the color wheel. Green is a secondary color consisting of yellow and blue.

28. The first two Blacks to become medical doctors in the U.S. earned their degrees in 1864 and 1867. Dr. Crumpler & Cole also shared the same first name. What was their 'captivating' name?

Rebecca

Captivating or "to tie" is the Hebrew meaning of Rebecca.

29. In every war fought by or within the United States, Blacks participated. According to the Department of Veteran Affairs, how many American wars were there from the Revolutionary War to The War on Terror?

12 Wars

30. Inventor Alexander Miles' daughter almost fell down an elevator shaft. In 1887 he took out a patent for a mechanism that automatically opens and closes elevator shaft doors. Where is the world's tallest elevator today?

South Africa

At AngloGold Ashanti's Mponeng Gold Mine in South Africa, which in three minutes drops an astonishing 2,283 m (7,490 ft) in a single descent - more than 4.5 times further than those in the world's tallest building

31. Jan Matzeliger's "Lasting Machine" invention increased shoe production from 50 to 750 pairs a day, making shoes affordable and a northeast city the Shoe capital of the World. At what museum is his invention displayed?

The Lynn Museum in Massachusetts

Matzeliger was born in Africa to a Dutch engineer father and a Surinamese slave mother. When he arrived in Lynn in the 1870s, he didn't know much English, but he did know how to make shoes. He'd spent countless hours watching lasters work, and had a notion that he could mechanize their movements. On May 29, 1885, his invention was unveiled, and demonstrated for the first time. Not only did it work, it changed everything. Factory production jumped from 50 pairs a day to 750 pairs a day. The cost of a pair of shoes made in Lynn dropped in half.

Within a few years, Lynn is the undisputed shoe capital of the world. 234 factories are churning out more than a million pairs of shoes each day.